

# Lexington Intelligencer.

LEXINGTON, LAFAYETTE COUNTY, MISSOURI, SATURDAY, JUNE 15, 1901.

No. 20

## FRANCISCO SCANDAL

Supplies in Large Quantities  
Taken and Sold to Second-  
Hand Dealers.

THINKS SOLDIERS DID IT.

Under the Presidency of the Opinion  
Passing to and from the Ori-  
ginal Responsible—Honor of a Big  
Army in Connection with Sup-  
plies in San Francisco.

San Francisco, June 13.—Gen. Shaf-  
fer, Maj. Maus, inspector general  
of the department of the California,  
and a grand jury are investi-  
gating the many reports of fraud  
in the commissary branch  
services in this city. That  
the fraud is based on some-  
thing substantial than idle rum-  
or is shown by the disclosures fol-  
lowing the arrest of Louis Abram  
and others in second hand clothing.  
The wagon loads of goods  
recently been taken to the hall  
and in every instance the  
soldiers whom they were seized  
were buying the goods from  
their son. From a state-  
ment it would appear that the  
goods were not confined to clothing  
but included all kinds of  
supplies. It was stated that upon  
examination of the supplies fur-  
nished the army horses, it was  
found that the "take-off" some people  
estimated to 200,000 pounds of  
the army officials are now  
making effort to learn who  
was the extensive fraud. Capt.  
Shaffer said that the government  
discovered large quanti-  
ties of goods stolen from the govern-  
ment were stored in a  
warehouse on Market street.  
The goods consisted of all kinds of  
supplies.

Of the alleged extensive  
disposing of military sup-  
plies to have been stolen,  
Shaffer said: "I am of the opin-  
ion that the goods found by the po-  
lice were purchased from the soldiers  
and out of this port. More  
soldiers have passed through  
the port during the war. If one man  
of these soldiers sold to  
the port of shoes, 600 pairs would  
be in the hands of outside  
people. The same rule applies to shirts  
and socks."

THEY THEM ADMISSION.

Men of America Defeat the  
to Take in Cities with  
over 200,000 Population.

Minneapolis, June 13.—Election  
and a protracted contest  
for admission of cities of over  
200,000 population for the order  
business day for the Modern  
Woodmen of America yesterday.  
The men to take city members in-  
ter came up on the report  
law committee. An amend-  
ment proposed to this report to  
with the present limit, which  
is of over 200,000 from join-  
ing. Chicago, St. Louis, Mil-  
waukee, Detroit, Cleveland,  
Cincinnati, Philadelphia  
were being named in several  
and being then taken up one  
by one and voted on. On Chicago  
was 260 to 328 and the others  
were quickly disposed of, all be-  
ing in favor. This leaves paragraph  
law committee's report with  
the recommendation that Utah  
be admitted to the jurisdiction of  
the order and this amendment will  
be carried on Friday. The  
men yesterday afternoon is  
settling for some years  
membership limitations of  
the Modern Woodmen of America  
business session Thursday. All  
visiting members join-  
ed in a grand parade. The parade  
of the largest seen in this  
city and the day was  
the showy uniforms of the  
order, floats, carriages and  
men constituted a most  
spectacle. The Royal Neigh-  
bors society of the Wood-  
men in carriages and on floats,  
the color of their order, pur-  
ple, white.

London, June 13.—The Madgeburg  
publishes a letter from Johan-  
which states that there is a  
among the British and Boer  
there. One day recently  
women and children in an en-  
died of hunger and want.  
The families are dying of starva-  
tion.

## INSURGENTS STILL ACTIVE.

Army Officers at Manila Disappointed as  
Failure to Suppress Rebels in South-  
ern Luzon.

Manila, June 13.—D. M. Carman, the  
former Californian, who was arrested  
in February last on the charge of fur-  
nishing supplies to aid the insurgents,  
and whose prosecution was abandoned  
last month, is going to the United  
States shortly and has asked for the  
return of the \$10,000 paid as security  
for his appearance when summoned  
for trial. Gen. MacArthur has declined  
to order the return of the money, but  
probably it will be returned after the  
insurrection is over.

Gen. Sumner has returned here and  
has reported to Gen. Wade the failure  
of negotiations for the surrender of  
Calleles, the insurgent leader in La  
Buna province. The Filipino appar-  
ently believes he can hold out, now that  
the rainy season has begun. Disap-  
pointment is felt here at the back-  
ward conditions in southern Luzon. Some  
insurgent camps have been discovered  
and destroyed. Lieut. Cowen, with a  
detachment of 50 men, killed five in-  
surgents near Jovelar.

The island of Paragua has been oc-  
cupied by the Tenth infantry. The  
Twenty-ninth, Thirtieth, Thirty-second  
and Thirty-third batteries of  
coast artillery probably will go home  
June 20 on the transport Indiana.

## SALARIES OF POSTMASTERS.

Annual Readjustment Shows the Best Rec-  
ord Since 1883—Not Increase of  
\$187,000 in Salaries.

Washington, June 13.—The annual  
readjustment of postmasters' salaries  
has just been completed, the result  
being that, on the 1st of July, 1,770  
postmasters will receive increased pay  
and 229 will receive reduced compensa-  
tion. The total reduction is \$28,400,  
and the aggregate increase \$215,600,  
making a net increase of \$187,200. The  
increase in the average salaries of  
postmasters noted last year has been  
continued and this year it will be \$1,  
777, as compared with \$1,734 last year.  
With the exception of 1900 the show-  
ing made this year is better than that  
for any other year since 1883, the first  
year in which postmasters' salaries  
were adjusted on the present basis.

## KANSAS CITY SOME FINISHERS STRIKE.

Kansas City, Mo., June 13.—Sixteen  
of the shoemakers employed in the  
finishing department of Barton Bros.  
shoe factory went out on a strike  
Thursday. The men have been work-  
ing by the day and have made from  
\$1.50 to \$2.50 a day. The management  
of the factory decided to put the fin-  
ishers on piece work, and when the  
new wage schedule was presented to  
them they promptly struck.

## Y. M. C. A. CONVENTION.

Boston, June 13.—At Thursday's  
session of the Y. M. C. A. convention  
the first speaker was Cephas Brainerd  
of New York, whose topic was  
"The Fundamental Principles of the  
Y. M. C. A." Mr. Brainerd dealt al-  
most exclusively in statistics and a  
review of the growth of the organiza-  
tion. A business meeting followed.

## Many Regulars Want to Remain.

Washington, June 13.—Adj. Gen.  
Corbin received the following cable-  
gram from Gen. MacArthur at Manila:  
"A large number of men in regular  
regiments wish to remain here. Au-  
thority is requested to transfer those  
desirable to regiments remaining." Gen.  
Corbin cabled a reply to Gen.  
MacArthur granting him the author-  
ity.

## Southerners Want the Canal.

Philadelphia, June 13.—Topics of  
general interest were discussed at the  
third day's session of the Southern  
Industrial convention. One of the  
most important of these was "the  
Nicaragua canal, why has it not been  
built?" and during the debate on this  
question many arguments were ad-  
vanced in favor of the speedy con-  
struction of the waterway.

## Stanley Moves into Executive Mansion.

Topeka, Kan., June 13.—Gov. and  
Mrs. Stanley have moved into the  
governor's mansion recently pur-  
chased by the state for \$36,000. Last  
night they gave a reception to the  
public. The mansion is one of the  
handsomest residence structures in  
the state and was built at a cost of  
over \$80,000.

## Negotiations Not Broken Off.

Hamburg, June 13.—The Hamburg-  
American steamship company denies  
the report that its negotiations with  
the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe rail-  
road to handle the shore end of its  
new enterprise, a transatlantic line,  
are broken off.

## MAY LYNCH THE PARTY.

Negroes Who Killed John Foster, a  
Louisiana Planter, Surround-  
ed by a Mob.

## IMPRISONED IN A STORE BUILDING.

Prince Edwards, Who Fired the Fatal Shot,  
Is Still at Liberty—The Murdered Man  
Was Well Known, and Was a Brother-  
in-Law of Gov. McMillan, of Tennessee—  
Declare They Will Burn Edwards.

Shreveport, La., June 13.—Latest  
reports from the Foster plantation  
where John G. Foster was murdered,  
say that a dozen or more frightened  
negroes are still cowering in the Kin-  
nebrew store surrounded by an armed  
mob which threatens every moment  
to lynch the whole party. Prince Ed-  
wards, the colored man who fired the  
fatal shot, however, has not yet been  
apprehended, and it is the desire to  
get him that has restrained the mob  
thus far. The negroes imprisoned in  
the store are dazed with fear. They  
are "officially" in the hands of the au-  
thorities, but they realize that their  
real captors are the members of the  
mob which has guarded every avenue  
of escape since yesterday. Foster was  
a young man, well known, a brother-  
in-law of Gov. McMillan, of Tennes-  
see, and came of one of the first fam-  
ilies of Louisiana. A lynching is re-  
garded as highly probable. Mrs. Ed-  
wards, wife of the alleged murderer,  
was among those arrested. She had  
in her possession the shotgun with  
which her husband killed Foster.  
"Prince told the other men to stand  
back and he would settle the busi-  
ness," she said. "Then he went in  
front of them and fired and Foster  
fell." Shortly after the shooting a  
posse with bloodhounds set after  
Prince, but his capture has not yet  
been reported. By some it is thought  
the fugitive to escape lynching has  
committed suicide in some isolated  
spot.

The Foster plantation is five miles  
east of this city on the Vicksburg,  
Shreveport & Pacific railway. Trouble  
has been brewing for some time be-  
tween the negroes and the overseers  
of the place. Foster, thinking he  
could succeed where the overseers  
had failed, started for the negro  
quarters. The negroes were gathered  
in a cabin, and he was some distance  
away when the shot which killed him  
was fired. The negroes scattered, but  
all except Edwards were captured.

It was reported in Shreveport at  
10:30 that Edwards, the negro mur-  
derer, had been surrounded in  
swamps near Belcher by a posse head-  
ed by Jacob Foster, brother of the  
murdered man. A dispatch from  
Vicksburg says if caught Edwards  
certainly will be burned.

## WILL TAKE NO OATH.

Members of Virginia Constitutional Con-  
vention Will Avoid Embarrassment in  
Dealing with Suffrage.

Richmond, Va., June 13.—When the  
Virginia constitutional convention  
met, John Goode was elected president;  
and in his speech of acceptance he  
took strong ground in favor of re-  
stricting negro suffrage. It was de-  
cided finally that no oath should be  
taken. The decision of the body was  
influenced by the fact that to take the  
oath of office might trammel it in  
dealing with the suffrage issues.  
Some of the members declared that  
they would suffer expulsion before  
they would be sworn in.

## Indorsement for Mrs. Nation.

Sedalia, Mo., June 13.—The Missouri  
Christian Church Bible school con-  
vention elected J. B. Jones, of Fulton,  
as president and L. C. Cupp, of Hunts-  
ville, secretary. Maryville secured the  
1902 convention. The convention  
adopted a resolution expressing sat-  
isfaction over the new impetus given  
the temperance cause, "under the  
heroic and fearless leadership of Mrs.  
Carrie Nation, of Kansas."

## Church Worship in Open Air.

Parsons, Kan., June 13.—The Con-  
gregational, Presbyterian, Baptist and  
Christian churches are to hold union  
services Sunday nights in the open air  
at Forrest park and the respective  
ministers will take turns at preaching.

## Gift from Newspaper Men.

Topeka, Kan., June 13.—The bronze  
tablet in memory of Franklin G.  
Adams, to be placed in the new rooms  
of the State Historical society, arrived  
yesterday. The tablet was purchased  
by the newspaper men of the state.

## Grand Jury Report

To the Hon. Jno. A. Rich, Judge of  
the Criminal Court of Lafayette Co.  
Missouri:

We the grand jurors empaneled for  
the June term, 1901, respectfully sub-  
mit to your honorable court the follow-  
ing report.

We have examined into and dis-  
posed of all business to which our at-  
tention has been directed. A commit-  
tee of our body visited the county poor  
farm and we report that fourteen in-  
mates are there who are the county's  
helpless poor. We are gratified to  
report that they are well provided  
with food and raiment and kindly  
cared for by the Superintendent, Mr.  
C. Q. Kinkead. The building is a  
very old one and needs repairs. The  
floors are defective. Some of the  
plastering is off and some locks are  
out of order.

We recommend that all necessary  
repairs be made. The meat house is  
in bad condition and should have a  
new roof.

With every respect for the county  
court we desire to call the attention of  
that honorable body to the necessity of  
providing a suitable office for the  
treasurer of the county. That office  
is now in a place, it cannot be called a  
room, six by eight feet where he and  
his two assistants with the necessary  
tables fill the room. Anyone having  
business with the office must remain  
in the hall while his business is re-  
ceiving his attention. The treasurer  
has no vault or even a safe but is in-  
debted to other officers of the county  
for a place in which he may deposit  
for safe keeping the books and other  
valuables of the office. We think that  
the county of Lafayette with its im-  
mense wealth should provide a con-  
venient and safe office where its  
treasurer may attend to the business of  
his office and accommodate its citi-  
zens. We suggest that the old court  
room in which the county court held  
its sessions for more than forty years  
is in excellent condition and is a suit-  
able place for the holding of the court  
and we think the court could hold its  
sessions in that room and fit the room  
in which the court is now being held  
for the treasurers office.

We have gone through the several  
public offices of the county and as far  
as time and opportunity permitted  
have looked over and examined the  
records of these offices. So far as our  
observation extended the books and  
other records are well kept and the  
business faithfully and honestly ad-  
ministered.

We visited the jail and found eight  
prisoners confined therein. It is a  
source of gratification to state that the  
jail has been thoroughly cleansed and  
white washed, the cells are clean and  
the atmosphere as pure as it could be  
under the circumstances. We think  
that the public portion of that institu-  
tion is in as good condition as it was  
ever known. The prisoners state that  
they are well fed and kindly cared for  
by Sheriff Thomas. We take pleasure  
in commending him for the excellent  
condition of the jail and his treatment  
of those entrusted to him for safe  
keeping.

The lower floors of the jail are in  
bad condition and we recommend that  
they be covered with cement.

We recommend that the county  
court authorize the county collector to  
make a delinquent tax book including  
all personal taxes for the last five  
years, as recommended by Dr. J. J.  
Fulkerson in a communication to the  
grand jury.

We suggest that the circuit clerk  
furnish a copy of this report to the  
county clerk to lay before the county  
court at its next regular session for  
consideration.

J. H. CHRISTY, Foreman.  
F. L. SLUSHER, Clerk.

Miss Lillie Whitaker of Marshall,  
has been elected superintendent of the  
Louisiana public schools.

## Population of Missouri.

Washington, D. C. June 10.—The  
census office has compiled and printed  
in bulletin form the data received from  
the enumerators throughout the coun-  
try showing the population of the  
various states by cities, towns, counties  
and townships. The report shows that  
there were 553 incorporated towns in  
Missouri in 1900, as against 397 in  
1890. Of these only one had a popu-  
lation in excess of 200,000, two a popu-  
lation exceeding 100,000 and less than  
200,000, one with a population exceed-  
ing 25,000 and less than 50,000, two  
with a population of 15,000 and less  
than 25,000 and four with a population  
of over 8,000 and less than 10,000,  
while 296 of the incorporated towns of  
the state had a population of less than  
500.

The total population of Missouri was  
3,106,665. The 553 incorporated  
towns in the state had an aggregate  
population of 1,436,549; or 46.2 per  
cent of the total population of the state.

## Missouri Strawberries.

The St. Louis Republic of June 11th  
contained the following special tele-  
gram:

"Monett, Mo., June 10.—George T.  
Tippen, P. O. Snyder, L. J. Hanlin,  
L. B. Durnell, George Raupp and J.  
R. Ferguson of the Monette Horticul-  
tural Society won the gold medal on  
their display of strawberries at the Pan-  
American Exposition. They had on  
exhibit 2,592 baskets, which were ap-  
praised as first-class. They also car-  
ried off the sweepstake prize."

Missouri is fast coming to the front  
as a producer of fruits that will com-  
pare favorably with fruits from any  
place in the union. Strawberries,  
apples and peaches are only a few of  
her luscious fruits which she is show-  
ing to the skeptical.

## Waverly Coal.

The people of Waverly are rejoicing  
over the prospect of extensive develop-  
ment of the coal field a short distance  
south of their town. A fifty-four inch  
vein of coal at a depth of about 150  
feet has been developed by prospect-  
ing. A company is said to be backing  
the enterprise with an abundance of  
capital and they contemplate using  
electric mining machinery and build-  
ing a lot of miners' houses, stores, &c.,  
to carry on the business on a large  
scale.

A part of the plan is to build a rail-  
road from Alma, on the C. & A., to  
the mines, a distance of about seven  
miles. Kansas City capitalists are  
said to be back of the enterprise.

Cole county, Missouri, is the home  
of one of the smallest women on re-  
cord. This little woman is Lulu Lee  
Hutchinson. She is the daughter of  
Mr. Frank Hutchinson, a respected  
and well to do farmer, living near  
Elston, ten miles west of Jefferson  
City. This little woman was born  
and reared there. She is the oldest  
of four children, one girl and two  
boys. She is the "pet" in the home,  
being the idol of her father and  
mother and sister and brothers. She  
is 12 years old, is 39 inches in height  
and weighs 58 pounds.

Rural free delivery service will be es-  
tablished here on July 1st. The route  
is 24 1/4 miles long and the population  
served is 747; Herman Schlackermann  
will be the carrier. The postoffice at  
Simpson will be supplied by the rural  
carrier and the mail for Simpson and  
Priest will be sent to Concordia.—Con-  
cordian.

Early peaches have commenced to  
make their appearance in Oklahoma  
City, and the fruit crop of that section  
of the country is going to be larger than  
usual this year.

The city council of Mexico has de-  
cided to submit to the citizens of that  
place the question of the municipal  
ownership of the electric light plant.

PILES Cured by Climax Salve. Satisfaction  
or price refunded. All druggists.